

## MONROE DOCTRINE USELESS BY SOUTHERN SPEAKER

Representative Slayden Says  
It Has Outlived Its  
Purpose.

BALTIMORE, May 4.—Holding that the Monroe doctrine is no longer of service and that it could be cast aside at any time, Representative James L. Slayden of Texas made a strong address at the opening of the second day's session of the third National Peace Congress, which was held in McCoy Hall, Johns Hopkins University, today.

In his speech Representative Slayden of Texas said:

"The rule laid down by Mr. Monroe served a good purpose one time, but the necessity for it passed long ago. When announced it was a means of defense for a weak country."

James Speyer, the New York financier, spoke before the congress. Assistant Secretary Huntington Wilson, in his address, made a strong plea for the Knox doctrine.

A stout defense of the "Dollar Diplomacy" as a policy which, by creating prosperity, meant ultimate substitution of dollars for bullets, was the argument made by Huntington Wilson, Assistant Secretary of State.

He declared that ample armament was the best safeguard of peace, and urged that such a state of preparedness could be accomplished without burdening the taxpayers.

"The nation can do the most to secure international peace," he asserted, "must be the nation with the highest ideals, the greatest military efficiency, the most powerful navy, the most heart, not from the arsenal, and the human heart rather than the archives of diplomatic engagements, in still the only ultimate abode of peace."

Commerce Important Factor.

"Another practical mode of pursuing the ideal of world peace is the true meaning of what has been called 'Dollar Diplomacy.' Today international commerce is everywhere an important department of diplomacy. 'Dollar Diplomacy' really means the use of the capital of the country in the foreign field in a manner calculated to enhance fixed national policies."

"It means the substitution of dollars for bullets. It means the creation of a prosperity which will be preferred to predatory armies. It means taking advantage of the interest in peace of those who benefit by the investment of capital. It recognizes the fact that soundness is a potent factor in political stability; that prosperity means contentment, and contentment means repose."

This thought, Wilson asserted, was at the basis of the Central and South American policy of the United States. It was through the intervention of Uncle Sam, he said, that Ecuador and Peru, and San Domingo and Haiti had been freed from war, and civil strife ended in Honduras.

Great Britain Arbitration.

Wilson declared his belief that President Taft's arbitration treaty with Great Britain would ultimately be ratified by both nations.

A fervent tribune to President Taft for his Anglo-American arbitration plan, he declared to be "a more important step on the human stage than the emancipation of the colored people, given by Representative Richard Barthold."

In a tribute to the peace negotiations with England Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio, presiding officer at a meeting of various peace societies, said:

"The question of immediate importance before the congress today is the proposed arbitration treaty with Great Britain. Let this once be adopted and the greatest benefit in the cause of peace will have been gained which has been accomplished for many decades. If ratified other nations will recognize its benefits and follow after."

The annual meeting of the American Peace Society will be held at the close of the afternoon's session.

Mrs. Taft Will Welcome  
Delegates to Capital

Mrs. Taft, the honorary chairman, will welcome the delegates to the national meeting of the women's welfare department of the National Civic Federation, which will meet at 12:30 o'clock tomorrow at 1300 Rhode Island avenue northwest.

Addresses will be delivered by Seth Low, president of the National Civic Federation; August Belmont, chairman of the department on compensation for industrial accidents; and William R. Wilson, chairman of the women's welfare department.

At 5 o'clock Mrs. Taft will give a garden party for the delegates in the White House grounds, at 10 o'clock there will be a reception by the national chairman at her residence, 1200 Rhode Island avenue.

DEATHS

BAKER—At Georgetown, Md., ANNIE J. widow of A. H. Baker, 63, St. Rose, near Georgetown, Friday, 10:30, St. Rose, near Georgetown.

BUECHLING—Suddenly, on Wednesday, May 3, 1911, at 7 p. m., JOHN B. BUECHLING, 64, late residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast, on Sunday, May 4, 1911, at 10:30 a. m., at residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited.

BUSCHING—On Wednesday, May 3, 1911, at 5 p. m., ROBERT BUSCHING, widow of Henry C. Busching, 64, late residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast, on Sunday, May 4, 1911, at 10:30 a. m., at residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited.

CLUBB—On Wednesday, May 3, 1911, at 10:30 a. m., FRANK L. CLUBB, 64, late residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast, on Sunday, May 4, 1911, at 10:30 a. m., at residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited.

CONRAD—On Wednesday, May 3, 1911, at 11 p. m., THOMAS N. CONRAD, 64, late residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast, on Sunday, May 4, 1911, at 10:30 a. m., at residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited.

CROWN—On Tuesday, May 2, 1911, at 8:30 p. m., SARAH E. CROWN, 64, late residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast, on Sunday, May 4, 1911, at 10:30 a. m., at residence, 1036 Kramer street northeast. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited.

## STATE OF ANARCHY REIGNS IN MEXICO

Capital Itself Threatened By Rebels Without and Revolt  
Within—Reports From Every Hand Bring Accounts of More Serious Trouble.

(Continued from First Page.)

the organization of the legion into eight squadrons, two of which shall be mounted. Four patrols will be formed from the two mounted squadrons, and the city kept under constant surveillance.

Major Douglas asserts that the Mexican government is powerless to prevent anarchy in the city, as the garrison is small, and the police are in sympathy with the rebels. The women and children in the foreign colony will die like rats, he declares, unless there is a force to put down the riots.

Juan J. Ortega, the Guatemalan minister, admits today that the Guatemalan army is massed on the border, but asserts that patrol duty is their only purpose. He refuses to admit that there is any possibility of the troops of his country lending aid to the rebels.

The War Department today received telegrams confirming the report that the rebels had captured Mazatlan, where many Americans and Germans are cut off from communication.

There is much discussion here as to who will be President when Diaz retires, which is now looked upon as a certainty. Following either successful peace negotiations or more successes in the rebel campaign.

The constitution provides that Vice President Corral shall succeed, but he is in Europe. Foreign Minister de la Barra would be next, but the constitution also requires that the president must be of Mexican parentage, and de la Barra's father was a Chilean.

In the same manner Limantour, Creel, and de Hessa are eliminated. The next choice falls on General Reyes, who is a full-blooded Mexican, and many think he stands a good chance to become chief executive.

First Formal Meeting  
Of the Mexican Peace  
Envoys Is Held Today

EL PASO, May 4.—The first formal meeting of the Mexican peace envoys began at 9 a. m. today in a grove across the river from the El Paso irrigation dam. The preliminary meeting between Francisco I. Madero, Jr., and Judge Francisco Carbajal, late yesterday at which arrangements were amicably completed, was entirely amicable.

Inasmuch as Judge Carbajal is not authorized to deal with any one but Madero himself, the latter will of necessity be the insurgent peace envoy with his

father, Dr. Gomez and Senor Suarez as advisors. The active peace meetings are being held secretly, none but the two envoys being permitted within 100 yards of the center of "peace grove."

Meanwhile it is not denied that the situation in Mexico outside of the "zone of armistice" is critical. The report from Mexico City that Judge Carbajal demanded that Madero prove he is qualified to speak for all insurgents under arms, and that Madero was unable to do this, is not admitted by Madero and is not credited here.

The consensus of opinion here is, however, that the entire insurrectionary situation is rapidly getting beyond Madero's control, and that independent rebel bands are preparing to continue the war whether Madero likes or not.

Postoffice Officials  
Awaiting Dispatches  
From Mexican Border

Officials of the Postoffice Department were anxiously awaiting this afternoon dispatches from postmasters and postoffice inspectors on the Mexican border informing the department whether or not all the mail routes from the United States to the interior of Mexico had been closed.

Despite the fact that the route through El Paso gateway has been practically closed for some time, the Eagle Pass and Laredo routes, which are always more used than that of El Paso, made the trouble almost insupportable. There have been no troubles beyond a few delays resultant from the interruption of traffic on the railroads.

The press dispatches of today, however, have made the department officials fearful that mail communication by rail with the interior of Mexico may be broken off entirely.

In that case the only way of sending mail would be through Vera Cruz steamers taking the mails from United States ports to that point and the railroads being closed.

The mails through to their destination. A mail steamer will leave New York for Vera Cruz tonight, and mails that the department anticipates will be dispatched by rail through Texas may be diverted to Havana and there placed on the steamer.

While the route through Vera Cruz would reach Mexico City it would put Monterey and several other northern cities out of touch.

and, Anna S. and Nellie, owner, R. I. Sellman; third, The Raven and The Thrush, owner, John J. Duff; fourth, Belle and Hilda, owner, John J. Duff.

Class No. 27—Gaited saddle horses (one entry), winner, Gallant Lad; owner, Col. R. M. Thompson.

Class No. 42—Service horses ridden by enlisted men, winner, Albion, owner, Capt. J. R. Lindsay; second, Debonaire, owner, Capt. Henry C. Smith; third, Dawn, owner, Capt. Henry C. Smith; fourth, Cynic, owner, Capt. Warren Dean.

Class No. 6—Polo ponies up to carrying 20 pounds, winner, Red Bird, owner, Hugh Legare; second, Larry Lass, owner, G. Basil Hall; third, Uncle Billy, owner, William L. Little; fourth, Lamb, owner, Maj. Henry T. Allen.

Former Health Officer  
T. N. Conrad, Jr., Is Dead

T. N. Conrad, Jr., Assistant Chief Inspector of the Health Department, died last night at his home, 64 F street southeast. Mr. Conrad had been ill from heart trouble and resigned his active duties in the District government three months ago.

Winners in Some Classes.

Class No. 3—Ponies under saddle, winner, Paint Pot, owned by John M. Deitrick; second, Dandy Boy, owner, Edith Goodacre; third, Shamrock, owner, Edith Goodacre; fourth, Spigot, owner, Captain C. L. Andrews.

Class No. 8—Pair of horses, three-year old or over, winners, Noreutu and Ruby, owner, E. T. Stolesbury; second, Captain C. L. Andrews.

Class No. 10—Pair of horses, three-year old or over, winners, Noreutu and Ruby, owner, E. T. Stolesbury; second, Captain C. L. Andrews.

## MANY CHANGES IN NAVY DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY

Clerks Are Promoted, Appointed, and Transferred.  
Others Resign.

Warren M. Schoonmaker, clerk in the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, has been promoted from \$1,600 to \$1,800, it was announced today. Other promotions of clerks in the Bureau were those of William A. Hanna, from \$1,600 to \$1,800; F. A. Palmer, from \$1,500 to \$1,700; A. M. Hewitt, from \$1,100 to \$1,300; F. J. Schuyler, from \$1,000 to \$1,100.

Miss Anne Trolter was promoted from copyist at \$300 to clerk at \$1,000; and Harry A. Williams from copyist at \$300 to copyist at \$500.

Other changes announced today were: Appointments—Bureau of Construction and Repair, by reinstatement, Victor E. Nelson, clerk at \$1,000; by reinstatement, John W. Camp, clerk at \$1,000; Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Jacques L. Spiegelblatt, copyist at \$300; Jesse J. Ramadell, clerk at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

Reinstatement—Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300; Bureau of Navigation, Charles W. Griffin, copyist at \$300.

## GENERAL DRELL'S BURIED BY MANY SOLDIER COMRADES

Veterans With Whom He  
Fought In Civil and Spanish  
Wars At Graveside.

Gray-haired veterans with whom he fought side by side in the civil war, members of the Spanish War Veterans, of whom he was formerly national commander, men high in public and official life, and large delegations from every patriotic organization in the District of Columbia gathered at St. Patrick's Church today to pay a last tribute to the memory of Brig. Gen. M. Emmet Drell.

Following the celebration of solemn requiem high mass, the procession, several blocks in length, formed in front of the church, and at 2 o'clock this afternoon accompanied the flower-laden caisson to Arlington National Cemetery.

The body was taken from Galloway's undertaking establishment to the church at 11:30 o'clock, where the mass was celebrated by the Rev. William T. Russell, the services lasting more than an hour. Hundreds of men and women who had known General Drell congregated in front of the church, and stood with bowed heads as the caisson was being carried by.

led by the grand marshal, Maj. F. S. Hodgson, and Lieut. Col. Anton B. Stephan, District commander of the Spanish War Veterans, between 2,000 and 3,000 persons, on foot and in carriages, were in the line that marched to the caisson to the cemetery.

Fort Myer, the procession was joined by a troop of United States Cavalry. Five hundred members of the Spanish War Veterans and the Second Regiment of the District National Guard, the regiment which General Drell commanded, led the procession on foot.

After them came the Grand Army veterans and the representatives of the different patriotic organizations which rode in carriages.

At the grave Simon Urell, a lifelong friend of General Drell, paid a beautiful tribute to his memory in a short address of eulogy.

The formation of the processions was as follows: Second Regiment of the District National Guard, Spanish War Veterans, Grand Army, Union Veteran Legion, Loyal Legion, Patriot Sons of America, and the Elks. Delegations from the ladies' auxiliaries of the different organizations also rode in the procession.

Notable among the many floral tributes were those from the G. A. R. and the Spanish War Veterans, and a large piece made from American Beauties sent by Mrs. Gurdon H. Wallace, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The honorary pallbearers were Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Gen. R. S. Burdette, General Whitaker, Col. R. A. O'Brien, Col. R. D. Sims, Col. Henry May, Capt. E. V. Shafer, Senator Miles Polinder, E. C. Laver, Dr. H. A. Johnson, Dr. S. Clifford Cox, Patrick F. Moran, William F. Downey, and John L. Smith.

The active pallbearers were members of General Drell's battalion who served during the war with Spain.

## CLAYTON PREACHES A BIBLE LESSON ON THE FREE LIST BILL

Quotes From Genesis Likening Laborer to Ass Between Two Burdens.

The House seemed converted into a Sunday school for a few minutes today when Representative Clayton, of Alabama, speaking in favor of the free list bill, reached into his desk and drew forth a Bible, in which he had found a passage that applied to the Republican party's treatment of the American laborer.

"Of course, you old sinners on the other side who seldom go to church, you know the passage," he said.

Representative Clayton, a notice that our Speaker isn't present just now—and he is one of the best Bible scholars in the House—so I will read this passage from the forty-ninth chapter of Genesis, in order that you may not dispute my authority. You have a habit of disputing everything unless it agrees with your preconceived notions."

Crouching Between Burdens.

"I find here in the forty-ninth chapter of Genesis an account of Jacob's blessing. Jacob called his sons about him—at least some of them, for I don't know how many sons Jacob had in all—and I find that in the course of his blessing he said:

"The laborer is a strong man crouching down between two burdens; and he saw the rest was good, and the land that he was pleasant and bowed his shoulder to bear and became a servant unto tribulation of enmity."

"Under the blessings of the Republican party the laboring man has become a strong man crouching down between the burden of a high cost of living and the Republican burden of competition with cheap imported labor."

Some new member of the chamber asked Mr. Clayton if it would be proper at this juncture, "to sing hymn No. 448, in short meter."

Representative Clayton regretted that it was impossible to also sing the hymn, while the Democrats cheered his Bible lesson.

"This bill is for the purpose of relieving the burden of Federal taxation from the American farmer," continued the Alabama representative, "and I believe that you are all in favor of sufficient taxes can be raised from import duties on articles not mentioned in this bill, from internal revenue taxes, from the taxes required of corporations."

The debate on the farmers' free list bill proceeded in desultory manner in the House this afternoon and there seems to be no prospect of an immediate vote on the measure. Representative Underwood, a few days ago expressed the hope that the debate might be closed today, but additional requests for time have come in and the vote may be postponed until the latter part of this week or the first of next.

## MRS. CARNEGIE IS GREATLY IMPROVED, PHYSICIANS REPORT

Famous Philanthropist Assured She Will Not Have Relapse.

Reports given out by those in attendance upon Mrs. Andrew Carnegie at the New Willard Hotel today are to the effect that she is much improved. Within a short time, it is expected, she will have completely recovered from her illness, and is looking strikingly well.

Mrs. Carnegie was moved to Washington and taken to her room in the New Willard Hotel last night. She spent a comfortable night, and the reports of her condition today have been most favorable.

That Mrs. Carnegie was ill was discovered yesterday by Mayor Mahool, of Baltimore, who was sitting in a box opposite that occupied by Mrs. Carnegie. He summoned Dr. G. Lane Tamm, who had been present at the Peace Congress, and after Mrs. Carnegie had been removed to a room near she was revived by the application of stimulants.

COULD NOT STAND  
SUFFERING FROM  
SKIN ERUPTION

Red Blotches on Face and Scalp. Disfiguring, Scaly, Dry and Itching. Scratched Until He Drew the Blood.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment Entirely Relieved "That Awful Pest."

"I have been using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for the past three months and I am glad to say that I have been able to use a most annoying skin eruption. It began by my noticing red blotches appearing on my face and scalp. Although they were rather disfiguring, I did not think anything of them until they began to get scaly and dry and to itch and burn until I could not stand the suffering. Then I began to use Cuticura Soap, thinking that my old kind might be hurting me, but that didn't seem to do any good. I went to two different doctors but neither seemed to relieve me. I lost many nights' sleep in continual scratching, sometimes scratching till I drew the blood, my eyes and head. I then started in to use the Cuticura Soap and in two months I was entirely relieved of that awful pest."

"If anyone seeks information as to how good Cuticura Remedies are, refer them to me as one who used it successfully. I am so delighted over any cure by Cuticura Remedies that I shall be glad to refer anybody about it." (Signed) G. M. Macfarland, 221 West 113th St., New York City, Oct. 5, 1910.

Cuticura Remedies afford the most economical treatment for affections of the skin and scalp. A cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment are often sufficient. Sold everywhere. For free trial, write to Cuticura Corp., sole props., 139 Columbus Ave., Boston.

Free Mailed free samples of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, with 32-p. book on skin treatment.

SPECIAL NOTICES

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR any debts contracted by my wife, R. J. MEAGHER, 240 14th st. w.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Great Printing Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Seminole Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Seminole Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Seminole Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Seminole Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Seminole Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Seminole Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Seminole Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Seminole Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1911, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M. and 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Seminole Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the company, 111 S. Fairfax Street,